

Code Specialization for Memory Efficient Hash Tries

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memory usage vs runtime

- **size** of source code or binary
- platform specifics

Hash Tries

Hash Tries

Fast Immutable Data Structures on the JVM

Hash Tries (Wide) Hash-Prefix Trees with Array Nodes

$\{32, 2, 4098, 34\}$

0 32	1	2	3	4	5	6	•••	31
0	¹ 34	2	3	4	5	6	•••	31
0 2	1	2	3	4 4098	5	6	•••	31







```
class TrieNode {
   int bitmap;
   Object[] contentAndSubTries;
}
```

```
class TrieNode {
  int bitmap;
  Object[] contentAndSubTries;
}
                 class NodeNode extends TrieNode {
                   int bitmap;
                   TrieNode nodeAtIndex0;
                   TrieNode nodeAtIndex1;
                 }
                 class ElementNode extends <u>TrieNode</u> {
                   int bitmap;
                   Object keyAtIndex0;
                   TrieNode nodeAtIndex1;
                 }
                 class NodeElement extends TrieNode {
                   int bitmap;
                   TrieNode nodeAtIndex0;
                   Object keyAtIndex1;
                 }
                             14
```

Exponential Number of Specializations

Memory Overhead per Pointer (Set, 32-bit)



Frequency by Node Arity



Arities	% of Nodes
≤4	82%
≤8	86%
≤12	90%

Arities	Specializations
≤4	31
≤8	511
≤12	8191

Avoiding Permutations

Arities	Specializations
≤4	15 (31)
≤8	45 (511)
≤12	91 (8191)





Lookup Performance (lower is better)



100% 100% 100% Generic 0-4 0-8 0-12 75% 62% 50% 52% 46% 45% 25% 23% 22% 0% Мар Set

Memory Usage (lower is better)



Memory Usage (lower is better)

Memory Footprint Compared To Competition (lower is better)



worst hash distribution -> good memory performance

<u>best</u> hash distribution -> worst memory performance

<u>best</u> hash distribution <u>best</u> -> <u>worst</u> memory performance